



Texas Association of School Boards

Understanding the State Board of Education and Its Role in Public Education

What is the State Board of Education?

The State Board of Education (SBOE) is composed of 15 elected members with each member representing more than a million Texans. Together, the members of the SBOE, the commissioner of education, and the Texas Education Agency facilitate the operation of the Texas public school system consisting of more than 1,200 school districts and charter schools, 8,200 campuses, 630,000 educators and other employees, and 4.7 million schoolchildren.

What does the State Board of Education Decide?

The SBOE adopts rules and establishes policies that govern a wide range of educational programs and services provided by Texas public schools.

The SBOE's duties include:

- Overseeing the investment of the Permanent School Fund, which helps fund Texas public schools;
- Mandating what Texas students are taught and what classroom teachers must teach through the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills;
- Selecting textbooks and instructional materials from which Texas school districts chose;
- Approving the creation or revocation of open-enrollment charter schools;
- Adopting rules governing teacher and administrator certification and ethics as proposed by the State Board for Educator Certification; and
- Setting goals for the Texas public school system and adopting four-year plans for meeting those goals.

How Does the State Board of Education Work?

Although policy decisions must be made by the full Board, members also serve on one of three committees: Instruction; School Finance/Permanent School Fund; and School Initiatives. It is through the committees that members are able to review staff progress reports, consider proposals for new programs, and hear testimony from the public for improving current efforts prior to the issues being discussed by the full Board. A list of the SBOE members and the committees on which they serve is provided at the end of this document.

Who leads the State Board of Education?

Governor Rick Perry appointed Barbara Cargill (R – The Woodlands) as chair of the SBOE in July 2011 to preside over SBOE meetings. She must be confirmed by the 83rd Texas Legislature to remain chair in 2013.

The Board elected its vice-chair, Bob Craig (R – Lubbock), and secretary, Mary Helen Berlanga (D – Corpus Christi), to two-year terms and until the Board elects their successors. In the event that Mrs. Cargill is unable to serve, Mr. Craig will preside as chair until the governor appoints a new chair.

The governor appointed Robert Scott as commissioner of education in October 2007; as such, he serves as chief executive officer of the Board.

When and Where Does the State Board of Education Meet?

The SBOE is required to meet at least quarterly, and its meetings generally last two to three business days. Meetings are usually held in Austin at the William B. Travis State Office Building, which houses the Texas Education Agency. Each meeting is open to the public. The public may view live Web casts of the SBOE's meetings on the agency's Web site <http://www.tea.state.tx.us/>.

How Long Do State Board of Education Members Serve?

SBOE members are typically elected to serve four-year terms. The *exception* is after a U.S. Census when districts are redrawn. Members must draw straws with some drawing a two-year term and others a four-year term. Their terms are staggered so that eight members are elected during one election cycle and the remaining seven are elected during the next election cycle. In November 2012, voters will be asked to choose 15 SBOE members based on newly drawn districts.

Are State Board of Education Members Compensated?

SBOE members do not receive a salary but are reimbursed for all expenses they incur while fulfilling SBOE duties, not to exceed the budget established for attending regular and special meetings of the Board and Board committees.

Are State Board of Education Members Affiliated with Political Parties?

Unlike school board trustees, State Board of Education members are political party nominees and appear on the ballot with a party affiliation such as: Republican, Democrat, Independent, Libertarian, etc.

State Board of Education Committees

Committee on Instruction

George Clayton (Chair)	District 12 (R) Dallas
Marsha Farney (Vice-chair)	District 10 (R) Georgetown
Mary Helen Berlanga	District 2 (D) Corpus Christi
Barbara Cargill	District 8 (R) The Woodlands
Terri Leo	District 6 (R) Spring

Committee on School Finance/Permanent School Fund

Patricia Hardy (Chair)	District 11 (R) Weatherford
Lawrence A. Allen, Jr.	District 4 (D) Houston
David Bradley	District 7 (R) Beaumont
Bob Craig	District 15 (R) Lubbock
Thomas Ratliff	District 9 (R) Mt. Pleasant

Committee on School Initiatives

Ken Mercer (Chair)	District 5 (R) San Antonio
Charlie Garza (Vice Chair)	District 1 (R) El Paso
Mavis B. Knight	District 13 (D) Dallas
Gail Lowe	District 14 (R) Lampasas
Michael Soto	District 3 (D) San Antonio